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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,808	02/27/2004	Michael D. Smith	418268002US	5627
45979 PERKINS COI	7590 05/29/200 E LLP/MSFT	EXAMINER		
P. O. BOX 124	7	WANG, HARRIS C		
SEATTLE, WA 98111-1247			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2139	
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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/789,808	SMITH ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
HARRIS C. WANG	2139	

	11/11/11/10/05: 77/11/05	2100
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED <u>07 April 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apple for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07( Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee nally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp	liance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be	filed within two months of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed water MAMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, l</li> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further co</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo</li> </ol>	nsideration and/or search (see NO	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	ter form for appeal by materially red	
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		
<ol> <li>The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1.</li> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li> </ol>		mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
<ul><li>5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li><li>6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al</li></ul>		timely filed amendment canceling the
non-allowable claim(s).  7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a)	·	
how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided that the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed:  Claim(s) objected to:  Claim(s) rejected: 1-3,8,9,12,14-19,29 and 32-40.  Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:  ——.		The entered and an explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fails to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attached.
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u></li> </ol>	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowance because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s).</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)	
/Kristine Kincaid/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2139		

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The Applicant has argued that "A consumer cannot perpetrate a fraud using applicant's technology. (pg. 10 of Remarks)." The Applicant enumerates ways that the consumer could try to cheat. Including "First, the consumer tries to cheat by providing the wrong end code" This situation does not make sense as the consumer has the start code, therefore the consumer can generate any code from the start code and the code will always be correct. An analogy is the consumer is the producer of an answer key. The consumer gives the intermediary the same answer key. If the intermediary tests the consumer for an answer, of course the consumer will be able to give the correct answer as the very answer key that the intermediary is using to judge the correct answer was first given to the intermediary by the consumer.

The Applicant next argues "Second, assume the consumer tries to cheat by providing the right end code to the service intermediary and in turn to the service provider when it requests a service. The service provider will verify whether the right end code can be generated from the wrong next code." Once again, even if the consumer gives the wrong code to the provider, when the intermediary asks for a code, the consumer can once again give a correct code. In every case the consumer can always give the correct code, as both the intermediary and the consumer have the start code. That is why the Examiner stated that "only the end code of the provider is used to determine whether the service is provided (pg. 4 of Final Office Action)."

The Applicant has argued that "Before the consumer last code is provided to the service intermediary, the only code that the service intermediary and the consumer share is the end code that the consumer originally registered (pg. 12 of Remarks)." This explicitly contrasts the Applicants specification several times. (Figure 2 step 2 the consumer sends the intermediary the "start code", Paragraph [0035] "The consumer then sends a registration request to the service intermediary. The request may include the start code." Claim 29). Therefore the Examiner considers the Applicants arguments unpersuasive and maintiains his previous rejection.